

We claim:

1. A method of operating an equalizer comprising:
 - 5 continuously storing input data segments of received symbols in a decision feedback equalizer buffer at a symbol rate S ;
 - supplying output data sections of received symbols from the decision feedback equalizer buffer at an
10 output rate of nS such that void times separate the output data sections, wherein $n > 1$;
 - equalizing the received symbols supplied by the decision feedback equalizer buffer in a decision feedback equalizer to provide equalized symbols;
 - 15 decoding the equalized symbols by a decoder to provide decoded symbols;
 - calculating adjustments for the decision feedback equalizer during the void times such that the adjustments are calculated based on both the received
20 symbols supplied by the decision feedback equalizer buffer and the decoded symbols; and,
 - applying the adjustments to the decision feedback equalizer.

2. The method of claim 1 wherein $n = 3$.

3. The method of claim 1 wherein each output data section comprises first, second, and third portions, wherein the first portion comprises received symbols repeated from a prior output data section, and wherein the second and third portions comprise the received symbols in a received data segment following the repeated received symbols.

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4. The method of claim 3 wherein the applying of the adjustments to the decision feedback equalizer comprises applying the adjustments at the beginning of the next output data section following a corresponding void time.

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5. The method of claim 3 wherein the method further comprises discarding the repeated received symbols at an output of the decision feedback equalizer.

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6. The method of claim 5 wherein the applying of the adjustments to the decision feedback equalizer comprises applying the adjustments at the beginning of

the next output data section following a corresponding
void time.

7. The method of claim 6 wherein $n = 3$.

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8. The method of claim 3 further comprising:
storing states of the decoder and the decision
feedback equalizer at the beginning of the third portion
of each supplied section; and,

10 restoring the states to the decoder and the
decision feedback equalizer at the beginning of the next
section supplied by the decision feedback equalizer
buffer.

15 9. The method of claim 8 wherein the applying
of the adjustments to the decision feedback equalizer
comprises applying the adjustments at the beginning of
the next output data section following a corresponding
void time.

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10. The method of claim 8 wherein the method
further comprises discarding the repeated received
symbols at an output of the decision feedback equalizer.

11. The method of claim 10 wherein the
applying of the adjustments to the decision feedback
equalizer comprises applying the adjustments at the
beginning of the next output data section following a
5 corresponding void time.

12. The method of claim 11 wherein $n = 3$.

13. The method of claim 1 wherein the decision
10 feedback equalizer comprises taps having tap weights,
wherein the calculating of adjustments for the decision
feedback equalizer comprises (i) estimating a channel
impulse response based on the received symbols supplied
by the decision feedback equalizer buffer and based on
15 the decoded symbols, and (ii) calculating the tap weights
for the decision feedback equalizer based on the
estimated channel, and wherein the applying of the
adjustments to the decision feedback equalizer comprises
applying the calculated tap weights to the decision
20 feedback equalizer.

14. A method of operating an equalizer
comprising:

continuously storing input data segments of
received symbols in a decision feedback equalizer buffer
5 at a symbol rate S ;

supplying output data sections of received
symbols from the decision feedback equalizer buffer at an
output rate of nS such that void times separate the
output data sections, wherein $n > 1$;

10 equalizing the received symbols supplied by the
decision feedback equalizer buffer in a decision feedback
equalizer to provide equalized symbols, wherein the
decision feedback equalizer comprises taps having tap
weights;

15 decoding the equalized symbols by a decoder to
provide decoded symbols;

estimating a channel impulse response based on
both the received symbols supplied by the decision
feedback equalizer buffer and the decoded symbols;

20 calculating the tap weights for the decision
feedback equalizer based on the estimated channel,
wherein the estimating of the channel impulse response
and the calculating of the tap weights are performed
during the void times; and,

applying the calculated tap weights to the
decision feedback equalizer.

15. The method of claim 14 wherein $n \geq 2$.

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16. The method of claim 14 wherein $n = 3$.

17. The method of claim 14 wherein each output
data section comprises first, second, and third portions,
10 wherein the first portion comprises received symbols
repeated from a prior output data section, and wherein
the second and third portions comprise the received
symbols in a received data segment following the repeated
received symbols.

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18. The method of claim 17 wherein the
applying of the adjustments to the decision feedback
equalizer comprises applying the adjustments at the
beginning of the next output data section following a
20 corresponding void time.

19. The method of claim 17 wherein the method
further comprises discarding the repeated received
symbols at an output of the decision feedback equalizer.

20. The method of claim 19 wherein the
applying of the adjustments to the decision feedback
equalizer comprises applying the adjustments at the
5 beginning of the next output data section following a
corresponding void time.

21. The method of claim 20 wherein $n = 3$.

10 22. The method of claim 17 further comprising:
storing states of the decoder and the decision
feedback equalizer at the beginning of the third portion
of each supplied section; and,
restoring the states to the decoder and the
15 decision feedback equalizer at the beginning of the next
section supplied by the decision feedback equalizer
buffer.

23. The method of claim 22 wherein the
20 applying of the adjustments to the decision feedback
equalizer comprises applying the adjustments at the
beginning of the next output data section following a
corresponding void time.

24. The method of claim 22 wherein the method further comprises discarding the repeated received symbols at an output of the decision feedback equalizer.

5 25. The method of claim 24 wherein the applying of the adjustments to the decision feedback equalizer comprises applying the adjustments at the beginning of the next output data section following a corresponding void time.

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26. The method of claim 25 wherein $n = 3$.

27. A method of operating an equalizer comprising:

15 supplying segments of received symbols to the equalizer to produce equalized segments, wherein each of the segments of received symbols occupies a corresponding segment time period;

 decoding the equalized segments by a decoder to
20 produce decoded segments;

 calculating adjustments for the equalizer based on n decoded segments and n segments of received symbols, wherein $n \geq 1$, and wherein the calculating of adjustments

is performed in a pipelined manner at least twice per
segment time period; and,

applying the adjustments to the equalizer.

5 28. The method of claim 27 wherein $n = 3$.

29. The method of claim 28 wherein the
calculating of adjustments comprises:

calculating a first set of adjustments based on
10 data in segments time periods one, two, and three; and,
calculating a second set of adjustments based
on (i) data in only a latter portion of segment time
period one, (ii) data in all of segment time period two,
(iii) data in all of segment time period three, and, (iv)
15 data in only a beginning portion of segment time period
four.